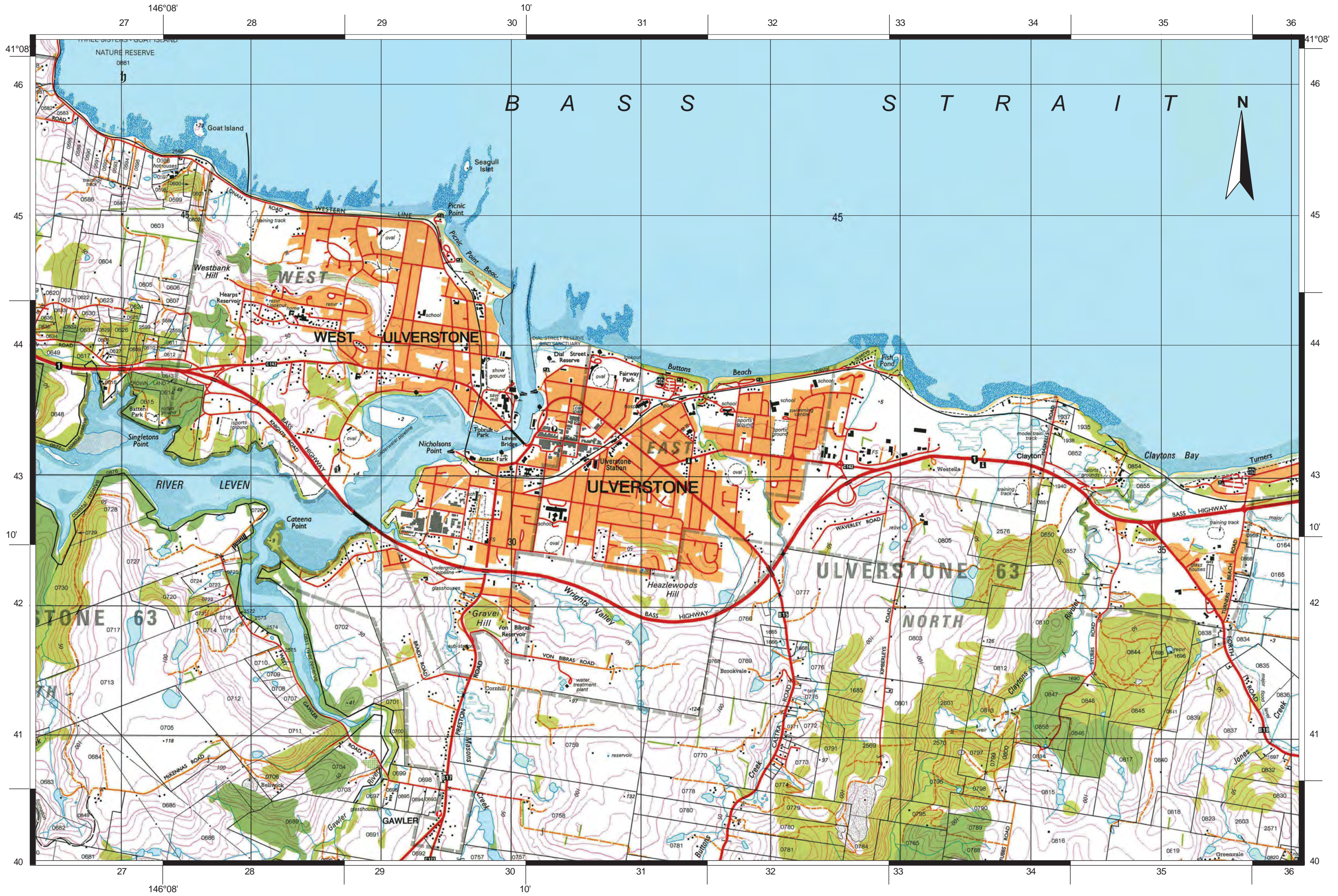
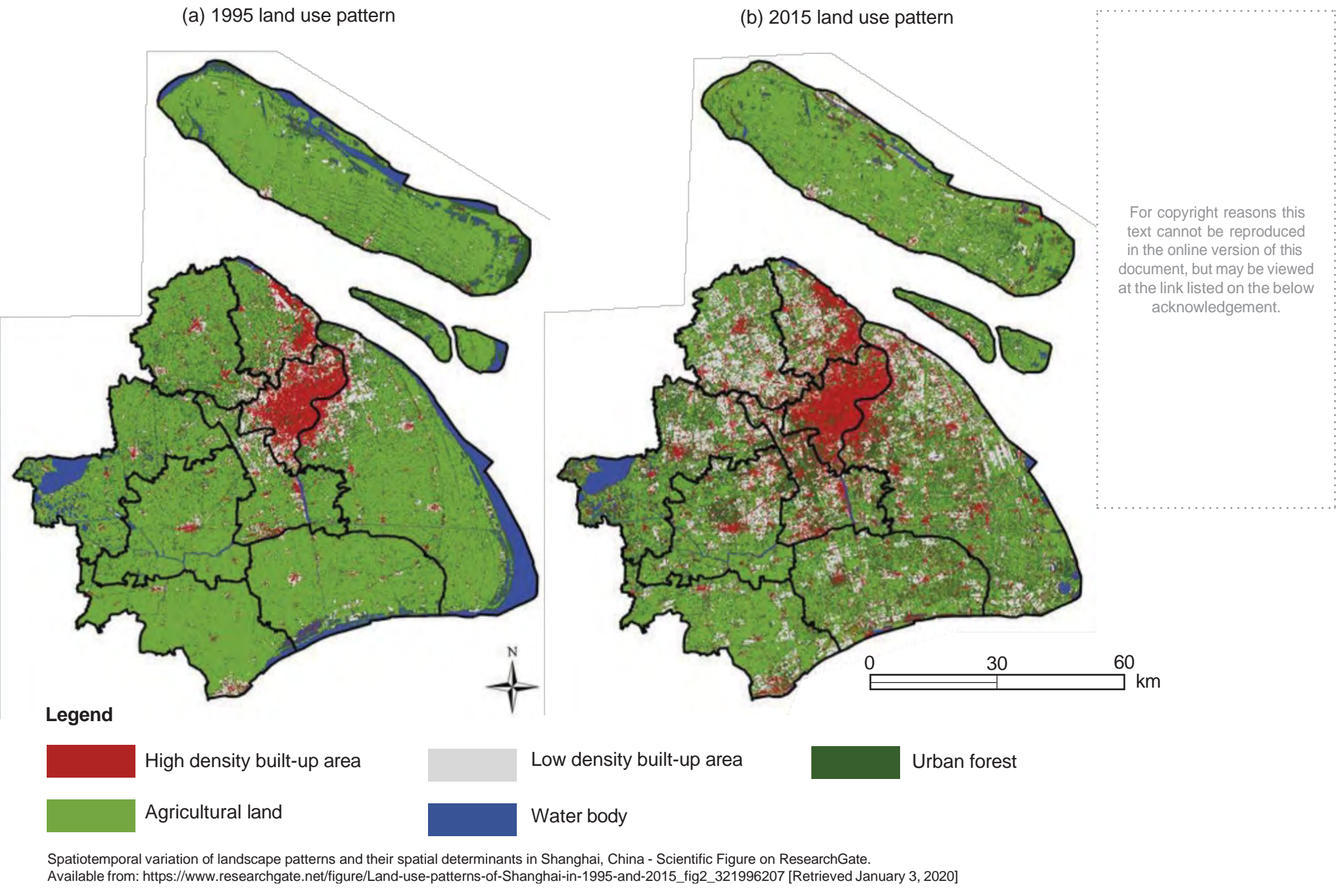


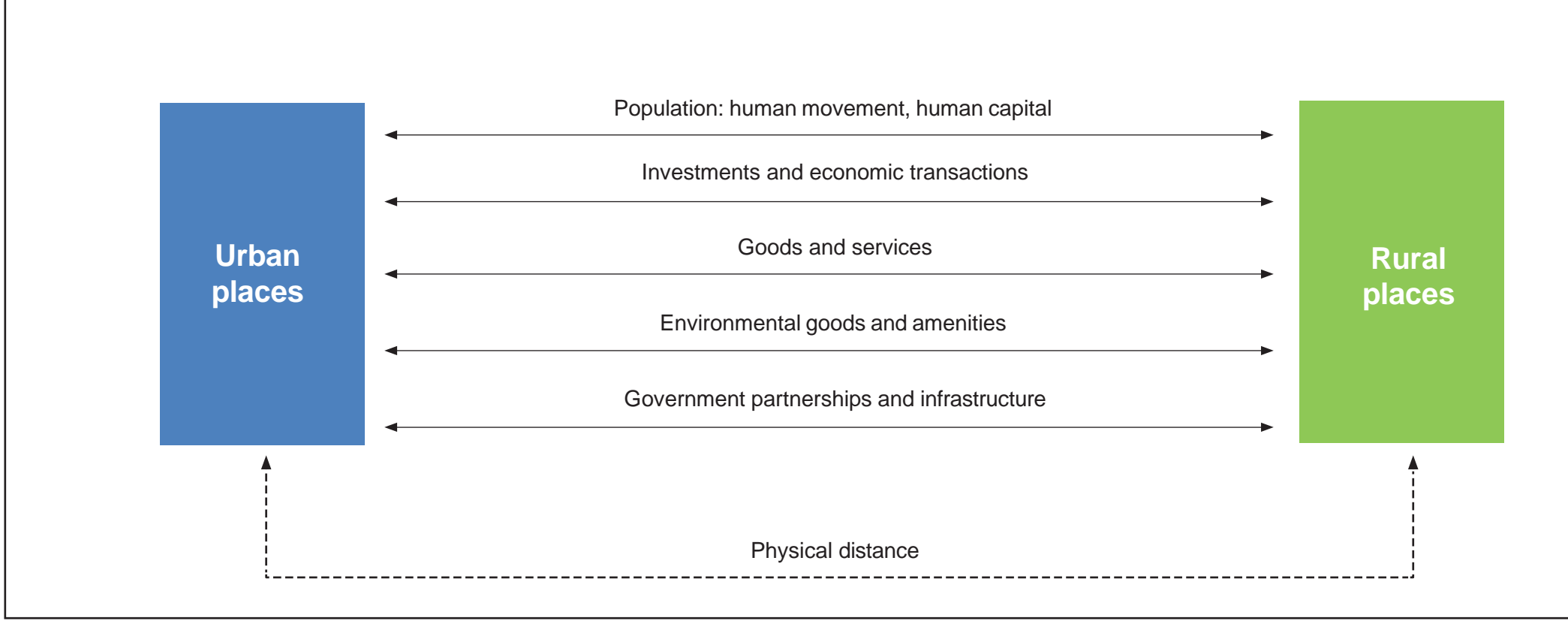
Source 1: Ulverstone Tasmania topographic map 1986



Source 5: Land use patterns of Shanghai in 1995 and 2015

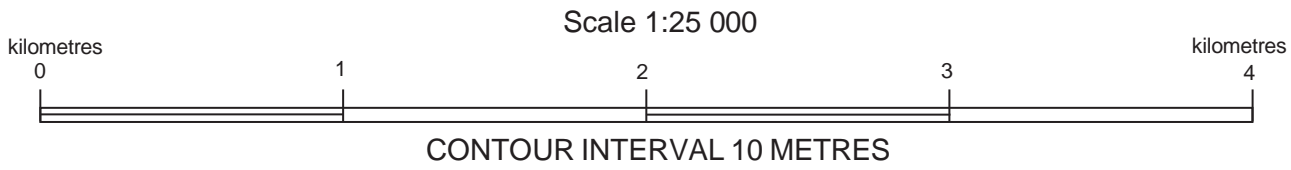


Source 7: The economic and environmental interdependence of urban and rural places



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Built-up area with commercial buildings	
Roads maintained for continuous public use	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Highway Major arterial road Minor arterial or Collector road Local road Touring route numbers.....
Roads of restricted use or access	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Other road with bridge..... Vehicular track with gate.....
Walking track or horse trail; Railway line.....	
Transmission line with pylon positions	
Building: Police station; Fire station; School	
Post Office; Picnic area; Public toilets	
Caravan park; Camping ground; Refuse disposal	
Landmark feature: Mine; Feature of historic or special interest	
Area feature: Sports Ground; Cemetery.....	
Trig station beacon; Spot elevation; Excavation	
Contour with value; Depression contour	
Rock scree; Broken rocky surface	
Dense forest; Medium forest	
Low dense vegetation; Distinctive grass	
Scrub, heath or sedge; Submerged trees	
Orchard, Timber plantation.....	
Windbreak	
Indefinite shoreline or floodbank; Levee	
Tidal rocks or ledge; Offshore rock, bare or awash	
Navigation light or lighthouse; Exposed wreck	
Sand; Tidal reef	
Saline coastal flat; Tidal flats	
Jetty; Launching ramp	
Swamp: perennial, intermittent	
Wet area; Subject to flooding	
Watercourse: waterfall, rapids	
Local Government Area name	FLINDERS
Local Government Area boundary	
Other administrative boundaries	
Reserve boundary; Vinculum or joining symbol	
Property boundary; Land parcel boundary and identifier	
Locality boundary with locality name	

1:25 000 Topographic/Cadastral Map – Ulverstone 4244 Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment, Tasmanian Government.
 TASMMap eShop. <https://www.tasmap.tas.gov.au>

Source 2: Ulverstone aerial photograph 2019

Source: Google Earth Pro. © 2019 Google: Image © 08/01/2020 Global Digital. Retrieved January 2020. Reproduced under the aegis of Google Earth's general use policy for educational purposes.

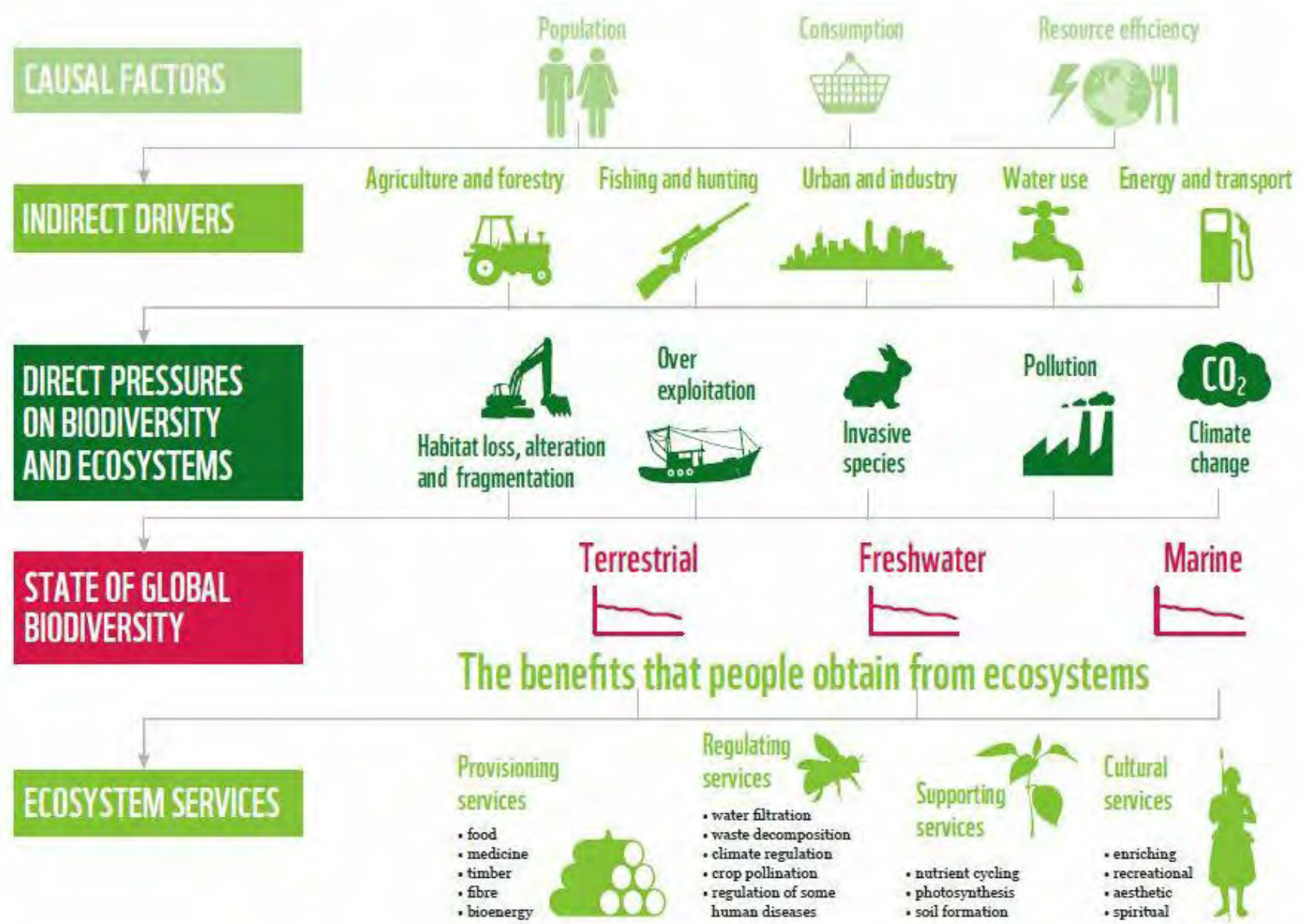


Source 3: Ulverstone oblique aerial photograph



Screenshot taken from Central Coast Council website, homepage.
 Retrieved January 7, 2020 <https://www.centralcoast.tas.gov.au/>

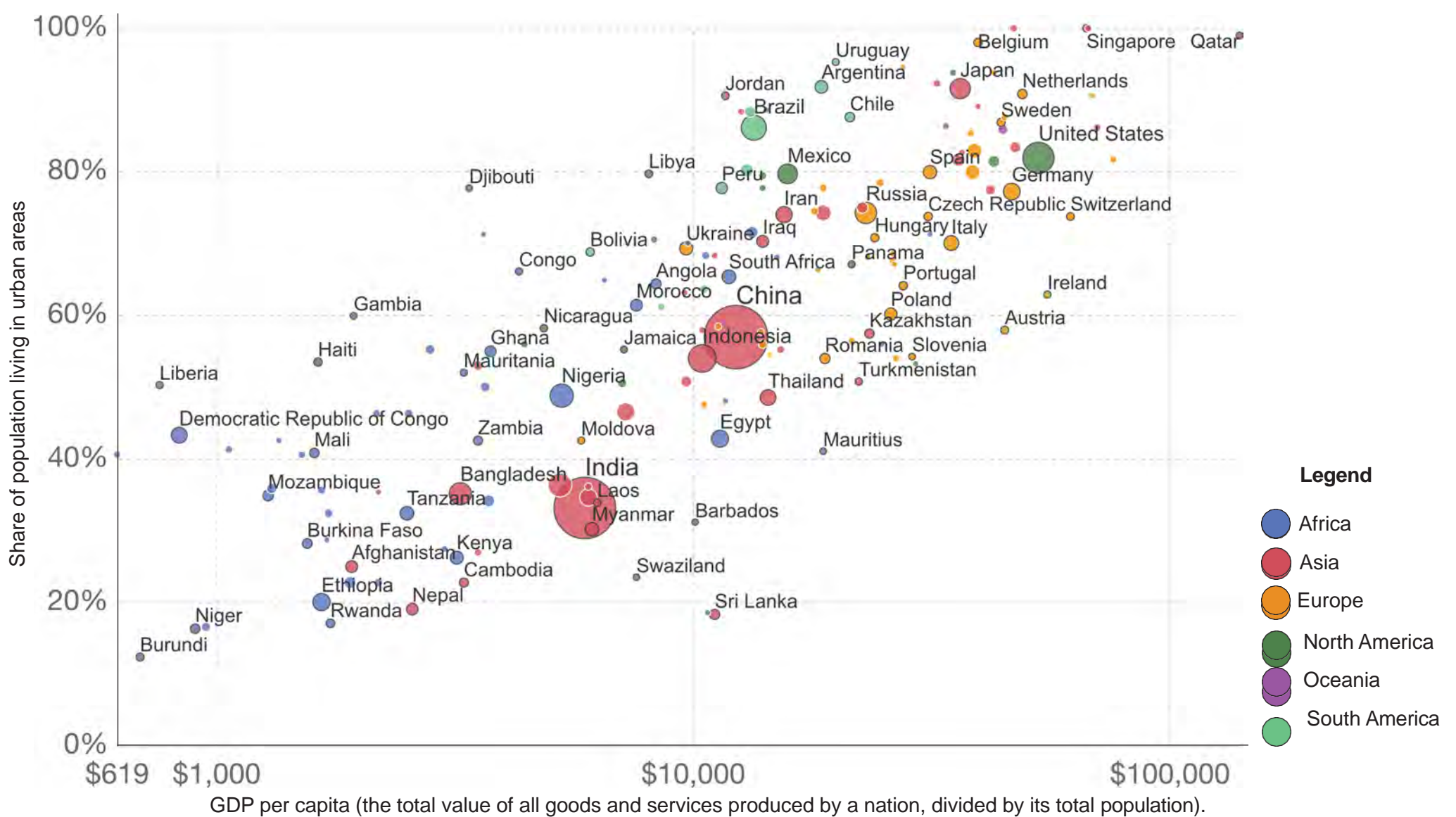
Source 4: Factors influencing land cover change



<http://energyskeptic.com/2018/biodiversity-lost-has-gone-beyond-the-planetary-boundaries/biodiversity-loss/>
 Source: Tanja Folnovic, June 23, 2015 'Loss of Biodiversity'. Retrieved January 6, 2020 <http://blog.agrivi.com/post/loss-of-biodiversity>

Source 6: Urban population versus GDP per capita, 2016

Share of the total population living in urban areas versus gross domestic product (GDP) per capita.



Urban population versus GDP per capita, 2016
 Source: Our World in Data based on UN World Urbanisation Prospects (2018), Maddison Project Database (2018). Retrieved January 6, 2020 <https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/urbanization-vs-gdp> CC BY